



**POWERNET LIMITED LINE PRICING
METHODOLOGY**

**FOR THE ELECTRICITY INVERCARGILL LIMITED
NETWORK AS AT 1 APRIL 2012**

METHODOLOGY APPLICABLE FROM 1 APRIL 2012

PRICES APPLICABLE FROM 1 APRIL 2012

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1.0 Pricing Methodology

1.1 Background

PowerNet Limited (PNL) has a responsibility for the management of the network assets owned by Electricity Invercargill Limited (EIL).

Requirements 22 and 23 of the Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004, (retained by the transition provisions in the Electricity Distribution (Information Disclosure) Requirements 2008 (2008 IDR)) require the following information to be publicly disclosed annually:

- (a) The methodology used to calculate the prices charged.
- (b) The key components of revenue required to cover costs and profits including the cost of capital and transmission charges.
- (c) The consumer groups used to calculate prices including:
 - i. The rationale for the consumer grouping;
 - ii. How consumers are assigned to each consumer group; and
 - iii. Relevant statistics for each consumer group.
- (d) Method for allocating the revenue required to recover lines business costs from each consumer group and the rationale for the allocation method adopted.
- (e) The method adopted for determining the proportion of fixed and variable charges and the rationale for the method adopted.

In addition, in February 2010 the Electricity Commission published its Distribution Pricing Principles and Information Disclosure Guidelines (2010 IDG). These contain a set of pricing principles and guidelines for information to be disclosed regarding the extent to which the pricing methodology adopted by an electricity distributor complies with those principles. The disclosure guidelines require the following disclosures (which are similar to, but not exactly the same as the 2008 IDR disclosure requirements):

- (a) Prices are to be based on a well defined, clearly explained and published methodology, with any material revisions to the methodology notified and clearly marked.
- (b) The pricing methodology must demonstrate:
 - i. How the methodology links to the pricing principles and any noncompliance;
 - ii. Rationale for consumer groupings and method for determining the allocation of consumers to consumer groups;
 - iii. Quantification of key components of costs and revenues;
- (c) An explanation of the cost allocation methodology and the rationale for the allocation to each consumer group;
 - i. An explanation of the derivation of the tariffs to be charged to each consumer group and the rationale for the tariff design; and
 - ii. Pricing arrangements used to share the value of any deferral of investment in distribution and transmission assets, with the investors in alternatives such as distributed generation or load management; where alternatives are practicable and where network economics warrant.
- (d) The pricing methodology should also:
 - i. Employ industry standard terminology, where possible; and

- ii. where a change to the previous pricing methodology is implemented, describe the impact on consumer classes and transition arrangements implemented to introduce the new methodology

1.2 Pricing Principles

The 2010 Electricity Commission's Distribution Pricing Principles are as follows:

- (a) Prices are to signal the economic costs of service provision, by:
 - i. Being subsidy free (equal to or greater than incremental costs, and less than or equal to stand alone costs) except where subsidies arise from compliance with legislation and/or other regulation;
 - ii. Having regard, to the extent practicable, to the level of available service capacity; and
 - iii. Signalling, to the extent practicable, the impact of additional usage on future investment costs.
- (b) Where prices based on 'efficient' incremental costs would under-recover allowed revenues, the shortfall should be made up by setting prices in a manner that has regard to consumers' demand responsiveness, to the extent practicable.
- (c) Provided that prices satisfy (a) above, prices should be responsive to the requirement and circumstances of stakeholders in order to:
 - i. Discourage uneconomic bypass;
 - ii. Allow for negotiation to better reflect the economic value of services and enable stakeholders to make price/quality trade-offs or non-standard arrangements for services; and
 - iii. Where network economics warrant, and to the extent practicable, encourage investment in transmission and distribution alternatives (e.g.: distributed generation or demand response) and technology innovation.
- (d) Development of prices should be transparent, promote price stability and certainty for stakeholders, and changes to prices should have regard to the impact on stakeholders.
- (e) Development of prices should have regard to the impact of transaction costs on retailers, consumers and other stakeholders and should be economically equivalent across retailers.

We have considered each of these principles in developing our line charges to apply from 1 April 2011. At the end of this document we include a summary demonstrating how each principle has been incorporated into our methodology.

2.0 Changes to Pricing Methodology

There have been no material changes to the pricing methodology from the previous edition.

3.0 Cost Allocation

3.1 PowerNet/Electricity Invercargill Ltd (EIL) Structure

PowerNet Ltd is jointly owned by EIL and The Power Company Ltd (TPCL) and is contracted to manage the network assets of its two shareholders in accordance with the respective Service Level Agreement (Agreement).

The Agreement allows PowerNet to source its revenue from the line charges paid by the retailers or end use customers. In turn PowerNet pays EIL a "Use Charge". This is fundamentally a lease charge to EIL and includes an allowance for depreciation of the assets, costs directly attributed to EIL and the gross return required by EIL. This is the return on assets before expenses and tax.

With respect to the management of EIL's assets, PowerNet's objective is to break even and revenues and expenditures are projected to achieve that result.

The Use Charge can be varied at the end of the year to allow for significant variations in line charge revenue maintaining a relatively break even result for PowerNet.

3.2 Allocations

PowerNet uses a cost of supply model which uses a number of key inputs or cost drivers which can be determined and appropriately allocated between the relevant consumers and consumer groups.

The key cost drivers used within this model are:

- (a) Transmission Grid Asset Management costs (Connection and Interconnection costs)
- (b) Sub transmission network costs split into a "supply" component (Use Charge) and a "maintenance" component – 66,000 and 33,000V line and cables and 4 zone substations.
- (c) Distribution network costs split into a "supply" component (Use Charge) and a "maintenance" component - 11,000, 400V networks and distribution Substations.
- (d) PowerNet overhead non asset related direct costs.

- (e) EIL use charge comprising depreciation, return on investment and other costs of ownership.

Each consumer or consumer groups' share of the use of the above assets and costs are then calculated to reflect their respective use. The objective is to reflect the share of the costs in a robust and equitable manner and the line charges be structured so that the network investment and line charges are responsive to the consumer and consumer groups' behaviour or pattern of usage.

3.3 Customer Profiles

The derivation of the line charges is based on seven consumer profile parameters. They are:

- (a) The Contract Capacity kVA (kW) of the installation
- (b) The Winter Peak demand kVA (kW) (0700-1100 hours and 1700-2100 hours, each weekday between June and August inclusive)
- (c) The Winter Peak energy MWh (0700-1100 hours and 1700-2100 hours, each weekday between May and September inclusive)
- (d) The Winter Day energy MWh (0700-2300 hours, May to September inclusive)
- (e) The Summer Day energy MWh (0700-2300 hours, October to April inclusive)
- (f) The Total energy for the 12 month period MWh.
- (g) Coincident Peak demand with Transpowers 100 highest peaks for the lower South Island (kVA), half hour metered customers only

3.4 Transpower and Subtransmission costs

The basis of allocation of Transpower and subtransmission costs is on the after diversity maximum demand for each customer during the periods of network maximum demand. Similarly the allocation of the distribution costs is on an after diversity distribution capacity of the customer's installation.

The PowerNet methodology takes into account the duration that the customer impacts on the peak loading hours of the network. This is achieved by allocating some of the Transmission, subtransmission and distribution costs based on the Winter Peak energy and the Winter Day energy.

This in effect reduces the charges for a customer who incurs just one half hour peak for the whole winter or is only impacting on the peak hours for part of the winter and increases the charges for those customers who are impacting regularly on the peak periods during the whole winter.

It has the effect of integrating the peak demand over a longer period.

3.5 Winter Peak

The Winter Peak demands for the various customers and customer groups have a diversity factor applied to them, which reflects to some extent their impact on the total after diversity maximum demand on the network. These diversity factors, based on their peak demands, are as follows:

Up to 21kVA = 17%

Between 21kVA and 110kVA = ramp function from 17% - 37.5%

Between 110kVA and 2,000kVA = ramp function from 37.5% - 75%

Above 2000kVA = 75%.

These diversity factors reflect the increased diversity of a large number of smaller customers compared to less diversity for the larger customers.

3.6 Contract Capacities

Similarly diversity factors are applied to the contract capacities of the various customers. These diversity factors are as follows:

For connections up to 16kVA = 25%

For connections between 16kVA and 100kVA = ramp function from 25% - 33%

For connections between 101kVA and 2,000kVA = ramp function from 33% - 70%

For connections above 2,000kVA = 70%.

These diversities reflect the differing impacts of the different sized customers on the local capacity of the reticulation system. There is an increased diversity between the smaller customers than with the large customers with respect to the capital investment in the local distribution network.

The profile parameters for determining the line charges for the individual customers, grouped by capacity are:

Contract Capacity kVA	Number of Connections	Coincident Peak Demand Reading kVA	Peak Demand Reading kVA	Total Energy Reading MWh	Peak Reading MWh	Winter Day Reading MWh	Summer Day Reading MWh
30	1	13	19	77	10	28	34
50	8	127	227	878	100	262	365
75	14	343	576	1748	260	661	803
100	11	293	663	1959	234	619	737
150	41	898	1622	4987	645	1754	2045
200	35	1239	2236	6886	928	2353	2990
300	33	2296	4827	14099	1947	4992	5667
500	20	3074	4912	17633	2371	5840	6979
750	7	1104	2685	8148	903	2409	3337
1,000	3	584	1704	4225	458	1071	1607
1,250	1	168	298	1084	145	352	416
1,750	1	727	1533	5794	638	1639	2351

The profile parameters for determining the line charges for the Group customers are:

Consumer Capacity	Code	Number of Connections	After Diversity Peak 'Demand kW	Total Energy Group MWh	Winter Peak Group MWh	Winter Day Group MWh	Summer Day Group MWh
Domestic							
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND08P	11	16	63	12	27	22
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND08Q	152	184	864	123	334	302
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND20P	543	1545	6175	1171	2651	2204
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND20Q	10352	25029	117728	16748	45484	41174
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	NDL20P	194	552	981	186	421	350
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	NDL20Q	2963	7164	14976	2131	5786	5238
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	NDL08P	7	10	35	7	15	13
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	NDL08Q	56	68	283	40	109	99
Non-Domestic Single Phase							
Street Lights (1 Phase)	NS001L	2	0.15	0.47	0.09	0.20	0.17
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS001P	31	31	292	55	125	104
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS008P	165	235	938	178	403	335
8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS008Q	13	16	74	11	29	26
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS020P	284	808	3230	613	1386	1153
20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS020Q	116	280	1319	188	510	461
Non-Domestic Three Phase							

15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT015P	61	163	650	123	279	232
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT015Q	10	23	107	15	41	37
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT030P	528	3198	9091	1724	3903	3244
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT030Q	152	782	2617	372	1011	915
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT050P	282	3526	12529	2377	5379	4471
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT050Q	75	797	3332	474	1287	1165
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT075P	101	2350	6682	1267	2868	2385
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT075Q	15	297	992	141	383	347
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT100P	60	2223	6320	1199	2713	2255
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT100Q	7	220	737	105	285	258
EIL Bluff							
Domestic							
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD08P	2	3	11	2	5	4
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD08Q	6	7	34	5	13	12
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD20P	125	356	1422	270	610	507
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD20Q	558	1349	6346	903	2452	2219
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	BDL20P	60	171	303	58	130	108
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	BDL20Q	133	322	672	96	260	235
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BDL08P	2	3	10	2	4	4
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BDL08Q	2	2	10	1	4	4
Non-Domestic Single Phase							
Street Lights (1 Phase)	BS001L	1	0.1	0.2	0.04	0.1	0.1
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS001P	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS008P	11	16	63	12	27	22

8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS008Q	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS020P	29	82	330	63	142	118
20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS020Q	3	7	34	5	13	12
Non-Domestic Three Phase							
15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT015P	4	11	43	8	18	15
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT015Q	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT030P	33	200	568	108	244	203
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT030Q	7	36	121	17	47	42
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT050P	12	150	533	101	229	190
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT050Q	4	43	178	25	69	62
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT075P	8	186	529	100	227	189
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT075Q	0	0	0	0	0	0
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT100P	4	148	421	80	181	150
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT100Q	1	31	105	15	41	37

3.7 Subtransmission and Distribution split

The costs of the subtransmission and distribution components of the line charges are split into two categories:

(a) Supply

The “supply” part is based on the depreciation of the network assets, other ownership costs and required return on the assets, the latter using the companies weighted average cost of capital.

The estimated carrying value of EIL’s network at 1 April 2012 is \$76.317 million. The overall Use Charge of \$9.312 million is made up of the depreciation of \$3.015 million, asset write downs of \$0.12 million, ownership costs of \$1.240 million and a gross return or net profit before tax of \$4.937 million. The latter equating to 6.0% of the carrying value of the assets.

(b) Maintenance

The “maintenance” part is based on the Maintenance Works Programme for the current year.

Management costs for capital and maintenance work are allocated to Supply and Maintenance respectively.

4.0 Consumer Groups

There are two defined types of consumers. They are as follows:

(a) Individual Consumers

These consumers have half-hour or time-of-use meters, including kVA maximum demand registers.

These consumers, through the half-hour or time-of-use metering, have individual profiles, which are used to calculate the line charges. Metering of these consumers includes kVA demand metering which provides the winter or seasonal peak demand and also the anytime peak demand. The latter figures are used in the calculation of line charges and to determine the contract capacity. For these consumers, the contract capacity is based on the next highest standard transformer size above their anytime demand or, alternatively, as per the original contract if growth is predicted and the network has been designed and built to supply the increased level.

(b) Group Consumers

For Group consumers, their individual meter readings or locations do not determine the initial line charges.

The bases for the different consumer groups are contract capacity and whether there is significant controllable load on the premises. The latter point qualifies the consumer for either an “all peak” or “with off peak” line charge. Different consumer groups are based on practical fuse sizes. The eligibility for a “with off peak” line charge is determined on the basis that at least 25% of the total energy consumption has to be separately metered and consumed between 23:00 and 07:00 hours or by an appropriate ripple controlled appliance, such as a water heater.

All domestic consumers are classed as single-phase irrespective of whether they are supplied two-phase or three-phase. This is due to the fact that for many of the consumers there was no choice in their method of supply and there are many older multi-phase domestic installations. All old domestic consumer installations are classed as “historic domestic”.

The 8kVA domestic consumer requires a 32-amp circuit breaker to be installed on the main switchboard to control the complete installation. This capacity is only allowed for single-phase installations.

In line with the Electricity (Low Fixed Charge Tariff Option for Domestic Consumers) Regulations 2004, domestic customers consuming less than 9000 kWh per annum are able to transfer to the 10% fixed charge option tariffs. These options attract a lower fixed daily charge and a higher variable consumption charge. Retailers with customers on these tariffs must submit the monthly consumption amounts for these customers in a separate file to PowerNet.

5.0 Fixed and Variable Charges

The application of fixed and variable charges is not based on the derivation of the line charge but is an application of the line charge to the end-use consumer. The objectives behind the fixed and variable charges are as follows:

- (a) The 50:50 fixed: variable line charge is a compromise between a totally fixed charge which would benefit the large consumer within a load group and a totally variable charge which would benefit the small consumer within a load group.
- (b) As stated above, the fixed and variable charge allows the larger consumer in a load group to pay more which reflects to some extent their reduced diversity on the maximum demands seen at subtransmission and transmission level. Although the distribution network in the vicinity of the premises has to have enough capacity to supply the full capacity of the installation, the remainder of the network is designed to take into account the diversity between consumer demands. As a general rule, the less energy a consumer uses, the greater the diversity, hence the less capital investment required to supply. A totally fixed line charge does not take this into account so there would need to be more load sub-groups such as very small, small, medium, large and very large domestic consumers besides the existing All Peak and With Off Peak categories.
- (c) It is important to note that the variable charge is on daytime energy only, so domestic consumers with large night loads, such as storage or water heating, do not pay extra as this consumption is utilising network assets, the capacity of which is designed on the basis of and costs recovered by the peak load in daytime hours. This encourages better utilisation of the network and less capital investment.
- (d) Retailers may directly pass through a totally fixed charge to consumers.
- (e) It is a means whereby the line owner can share the risk of climatic variations and be responsive to changes in the local economy. It has been well received in the commercial market that when a consumer has a production downturn or invests in energy conservation measures, there is an immediate response through a reduction in the variable charges.
- (f) Consumers also have the opportunity to shift load to night time to receive immediate benefits.
- (g) If a consumer is expanding the business, the variable charges mean that the line owner can receive some immediate extra revenue and it can also cushion the increase in line charges for the following year.

The practical application of a variable component of the line charge for the group consumers resulted in a necessity for a uniform variable charge and individual fixed charges for each segment.

The variable charge component is based on daytime energy usage, i.e. between 07:00 and 23:00 hours. Hence, night time consumption does not contribute directly to the line charge account.

6.0 Revenue Allocation to Capacity Groups

6.1 Transmission Charges

Transmission charges reflect the Transpower grid asset management costs incurred by Electricity Invercargill Limited based on the Invercargill point of supply.

Transpower transmission charges have two components:

- (a) Connection charge
- (b) Interconnection charge

6.1.1 Connection Charge

The Transpower connection charge is based on the Transpower local assets utilised to provide the supply.

In the case of the Invercargill point of supply the connection charge is split between The Power Company Limited and Electricity Invercargill Limited, each network is connected to the transmission grid there.

The total connection charge for Invercargill is \$1,072,069. Electricity Invercargill's share of the connection charge is \$699,893.

The connection charges which include the Transpower new investment charges are applied to customers on the basis of the following allocation:

Winter Peak Demand	70%
Winter Peak Energy	20%
Winter Day Energy	10%

For individual customers this equates to:

- (a) \$7.71 per kVA Peak Demand.
- (b) \$3.31 per Winter Peak MWh.
- (c) \$1.07 per Winter Day MWh

After the revenue from the individual customers has been subtracted from the total the remaining group customer charges are as follows:

- (a) \$7.45 per kVA Peak Demand
- (b) \$3.61 per Winter Peak MWh
- (c) \$1.15 per Winter Day MWh

The difference in the two sets of rates above reflects the difference in losses and diversity factors between the large individual customers and the smaller customer groups.

6.1.2 Interconnection Charge

This charge is based on the average of the coincident 100 highest peak demands recorded for Transpower's lower south island region during the assessment period 1 September to 31 August each year at the Invercargill grid exit point.

Electricity Invercargill's share of the Invercargill interconnection charge of \$7,371,021 is \$4,879,593.

The interconnection charges are applied to customers on the basis of the following allocation:

Half Hour Metered:

Coincident peak with lower south island region 100%

Non Half Hour Metered:

Winter Peak Demand	60%
Winter Peak Energy	30%
Winter Day Energy	10%

For individual non half hour metered customers this equates to the following charges:

- (a) \$46.07 per kVA Winter Peak Demand.
- (b) \$34.63 per Winter Peak MWh.
- (c) \$7.45 per Winter Day MWh.

For individual Half Hour Metered customers this equates to the following charges:

Point of Supply	Per kVA Coincident Peak Demand
Invercargill	\$90.66

After the revenue from the individual customers has been subtracted from the total the remaining group customer charges are as follows:

	Per kVA Peak Demand	Per Winter Peak MWh	Per Winter Day MWh
Electricity Invercargill	\$41.96	\$35.61	\$7.55

The differences in the above rates reflect the differences in losses and diversity factors between the large individual customers and the small customer groups.

6.1.3 Transpower Revenue for Individual Customers

The total Transpower revenue for individual customers grouped by capacity is shown in the following table:

Consumer Capacity kVA	Number of Connections	Line Charge Revenue per Consumer Group	Average Line Charge
30	1	\$1,278.82	\$1,278.82
50	8	\$15,273.11	\$1,909.14
75	14	\$41,345.98	\$2,953.28
100	11	\$31,486.96	\$2,862.45
150	41	\$163,572.80	\$3,989.58
200	35	\$176,995.07	\$5,057.00
300	33	\$288,300.06	\$8,736.37
500	20	\$306,948.90	\$15,347.45
750	7	\$113,929.13	\$16,275.59
1,000	3	\$58,725.62	\$19,575.21
1,250	1	\$16,914.63	\$16,914.63
1,750	1	\$77,045.83	\$77,045.83

6.1.4 TransPower Revenue for Group Customers

The total Transpower revenue for group customers is shown in the following table.

Consumer Capacity	Code	Number of Connections	TransPower Charge	TransPower Revenue per Consumer Group
Domestic				
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND08P	11	\$124.42	\$1,368.65
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND08Q	152	\$103.53	\$15,736.28
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND20P	543	\$248.84	\$135,122.82
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND20Q	10352	\$207.06	\$2,143,447.11
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	NDL20P	194	\$188.67	\$36,602.69
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	NDL20Q	2963	\$158.39	\$469,308.16
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	NDL08P	7	\$118.41	\$828.84
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	NDL08Q	56	\$98.66	\$5,525.04
Non-Domestic Single Phase				
Street Lights (1 Phase)	NS001L	4221	\$5.95	\$25,095.70
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS001P	31	\$139.00	\$4,309.06
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS008P	165	\$124.42	\$20,529.71
8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS008Q	13	\$103.53	\$1,345.87
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS020P	284	\$248.84	\$70,671.97
20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS020Q	116	\$207.06	\$24,018.53

Non-Domestic Three Phase				
15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT015P	61	\$233.29	\$14,230.82
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT015Q	10	\$194.12	\$1,941.15
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT030P	528	\$463.19	\$244,562.72
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT030Q	152	\$386.95	\$58,816.95
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT050P	282	\$1,040.84	\$293,516.93
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT050Q	75	\$867.28	\$65,046.15
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT075P	101	\$1,779.75	\$179,754.89
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT075Q	15	\$1,486.83	\$22,302.48
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT100P	60	\$2,833.58	\$170,014.96
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT100Q	7	\$2,367.22	\$16,570.54
EIL Bluff				
Domestic				
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD08P	2	\$124.42	\$248.84
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD08Q	6	\$103.53	\$621.17
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD20P	125	\$248.84	\$31,105.62
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD20Q	558	\$207.06	\$115,537.43
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	BDL20P	60	\$188.67	\$11,320.42
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	BDL20Q	133	\$158.39	\$21,065.81
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BDL08P	2	\$118.41	\$236.81
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BDL08Q	2	\$98.66	\$197.32
Non-Domestic Single Phase				
Street Lights (1 Phase)	BS001L	352	\$5.95	\$2,092.79
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS001P	0	\$139.00	\$0.00

8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS008P	11	\$124.42	\$1,368.65
8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS008Q	0	\$103.53	\$0.00
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS020P	29	\$248.84	\$7,216.50
20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS020Q	3	\$207.06	\$621.17
Non-Domestic Three Phase				
15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT015P	4	\$233.29	\$933.17
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT015Q	0	\$194.12	\$0.00
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT030P	33	\$463.19	\$15,285.17
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT030Q	7	\$386.95	\$2,708.68
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT050P	12	\$1,040.84	\$12,490.08
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT050Q	4	\$867.28	\$3,469.13
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT075P	8	\$1,779.75	\$14,238.01
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT075Q	0	\$1,486.83	\$0.00
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT100P	4	\$2,833.58	\$11,334.33
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT100Q	1	\$2,367.22	\$2,367.22

6.2 Subtransmission Charges

Subtransmission charges are based on the subtransmission costs (66kV and 33kV network) and the zone substation costs.

There are two components making up the subtransmission charges:

- (a) Supply charge
- (b) Maintenance charge

6.2.1 Supply Charge

The supply charge is based on the required return on the assets by the shareholder and depreciation.

All the costs of the subtransmission network and zone substations are averaged and the use charge allocated on the basis of the relative asset value compared to the total network asset value.

The supply charge for the EIL city area zone substations is \$1,043,972 and for the 33kV line and cables is \$474,533 giving a total supply charge for EIL City of \$1,518,505.

As EIL also supplies power to Bluff through The Power Company Limited 33kV line and Bluff zone substation there is a supply charge of \$411,610 for this zone substation and subtransmission lines.

The supply charge totalling \$1,518,505 for EIL City and \$411,610 for EIL Bluff is allocated across all customers on the following basis:

Winter Peak Demand	70%
Winter Peak energy	20%
Winter Day energy	10%

6.2.2 Maintenance Charge

The maintenance charges for the EIL city zone substations and subtransmission system total \$321,100 and for EIL Bluff total \$76,927

The total subtransmission maintenance charges of \$398,027 are allocated across the customers on the following basis:

Total Energy	50%
Winter Peak Demand	50%

In this case the commercial customers incur a weighting compared to domestic customers of 1.5:1. This reflects the higher level of importance for commercial customers of the maintenance to the network. This weighted ratio only applies to the total energy components, i.e. 50% of the cost.

6.2.3 Subtransmission Charges for Individual Customers above 100 kVA

EIL City

(a)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$17.93 per kVA Winter Peak Demand
(b)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$7.93 per Winter Peak MWh
(c)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$2.65per Winter Day MWh
(e)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$0.62 per Commercial Total MWh
(f)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$2.71 per kVA Winter Peak Demand

EIL Bluff

(a)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$63.79 per kVA Winter Peak Demand
(b)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$26.9 per Winter Peak MWh
(c)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$7.84 per Winter Day MWh
(e)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$2.42 per Commercial Total MWh
(f)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$8.90 per kVA Winter Peak Demand

6.2.4 Subtransmission Charges for Group Customers

After the revenue from the individual customers has been subtracted from the total the remaining group customer charges are as follows:

EIL City

(a)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$17.41 per kVA Winter Peak Demand
(b)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$8.65 per Winter Peak MWh
(c)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$2.88 per Winter Day MWh
(d)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$0.64 per Domestic Total MWh
(e)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$0.64 per Commercial Total MWh
(f)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$2.55 per kVA Winter Peak Demand

EIL Bluff

(a)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$68.75 per kVA Winter Peak Demand
(b)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$34.72 per Winter Peak MWh
(c)	Subtransmission Supply charge	\$10.72 per Winter Day MWh
(d)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$1.10 per Domestic Total MWh
(e)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$1.10 per Commercial Total MWh
(f)	Subtransmission Maintenance charge	\$5.70 per kVA Winter Peak Demand

6.3 Distribution Charges

Distribution charges are based on the distribution costs which include 11,000 and 400V line and cables and distribution substations and transformers.

There are three components making up the distribution charges

- (a) Supply charge
- (b) Maintenance charge
- (c) Transformer charge

In calculating the distribution charges an allowance is made for the fact that customers above 150kVA have normally less use of the 400V network than smaller customers, i.e. they often have their own local transformer or exclusive supply cables from a transformer. The distribution charges are multiplied by a factor of 60% for both EIL City and EIL Bluff.

6.3.1 Supply Charge

The supply charge is based on the use charge which is the required return on the assets by the shareholder and depreciation.

All the costs of the distribution network are averaged and the supply charge is allocated on the basis of the relative asset value compared to the total network asset value.

The supply charges are as follows:

- (a) Overhead lines, Underground Cables & Distribution Substations

EIL City	\$6,833,272
EIL Bluff	\$284,720

- (b) The supply charge is allocated across all customers on the following basis:

Contract Capacity	70%
Winter Peak Energy	20%
Winter Day Energy	10%

6.3.2 Maintenance Charge

The maintenance charges are as follows:

- (a) Overhead lines, Underground Cables & Distribution Substations

EIL City	\$963,300
EIL Bluff	\$152,100

- (b) The maintenance portion is allocated across all customers on the following basis:

Total Energy	50%
Contract Capacity	50%

With respect to the maintenance charges, the commercial customers incur a weighting compared to domestic customers of 1.5:1. This reflects a higher level of importance for commercial customers of the maintenance to the network. This weighted ratio only applies to the total energy components, i.e. 50% of the cost.

6.3.3 Distribution Transformers

(a) The transformer charges are as follows:

EIL Supply	\$854,159
EIL Maintenance	\$253,500

(b) The transformer portion of the distribution charges is allocated across consumers on the following basis:

Number of transformers and transformer capacity 100%.

6.3.4 Distribution Charges for Individual Customers

EIL City

(a) Distribution Supply charge	\$37.08 per kVA Contract Capacity
(b) Distribution Supply charge	\$35.68 per Winter Peak MWh
(c) Distribution Supply charge	\$7.15 per Winter Day MWh
(d) Distribution Maintenance charge	\$1.87 per Commercial Total MWh
(e) Distribution Maintenance charge	\$3.73 per kVA Contract Capacity

EIL Bluff

(a) Distribution Supply charge	\$22.14 per kVA Contract Capacity
(b) Distribution Supply charge	\$19.89 per Winter Peak MWh
(c) Distribution Supply charge	\$3.87 per Winter Day MWh
(d) Distribution Maintenance charge	\$3.26 per Commercial Total MWh
(e) Distribution Maintenance charge	\$8.45 per kVA Contract Capacity

Transformer Charges

(a) Distribution Transformer supply charge	\$350.69 per Transformer
(b) Distribution Transformer maintenance charge	\$574.83 per Transformer

The Transformer charge of \$350.69 per transformer is multiplied by a price ratio depending on the size of the transformer. The ratios for the different sized transformers are shown below.

Transformer Size	Ratio applied
15kVA Transformer	1.00
30kVA Transformer	1.44
50kVA Transformer	1.88
75kVA Transformer	2.30
100kVA Transformer	2.80
150kVA Transformer	3.50
200kVA Transformer	4.40
300kVA Transformer	5.16
500kVA Transformer	7.20
750kVA Transformer	8.80
1,000kVA Transformer	9.96
1,250kVA Transformer	13.20
1,500kVA Transformer	15.60

6.3.5 Distribution Charges for Group Customers

After the revenue from the individual customers has been subtracted from the total the remaining group customer charges are as follows:

EIL City

- | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (a) | Distribution Supply charge | \$39.35 per kVA Contract Capacity |
| (b) | Distribution Supply charge | \$41.68 per Winter Peak MWh |
| (c) | Distribution Supply charge | \$13.23 per Winter Day MWh |
| (d) | Distribution Maintenance charge | \$2.20 per Domestic Total MWh |
| (e) | Distribution Maintenance charge | \$2.20 per Commercial Total MWh |
| (f) | Distribution Maintenance charge | \$3.85per kVA Contract Capacity |
| (g) | Distribution Transformer charge | \$6.28 per kVA Contract Capacity |

EIL Bluff

- | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (a) | Distribution Supply charge | \$22.27 per kVA Contract Capacity |
| (b) | Distribution Supply charge | \$23.27 per Winter Peak MWh |
| (c) | Distribution Supply charge | \$7.65 per Winter Day MWh |
| (d) | Distribution Maintenance charge | \$4.62 per Domestic Total MWh |
| (e) | Distribution Maintenance charge | \$4.62 per Commercial Total MWh |
| (f) | Distribution Maintenance charge | \$7.92 per kVA Contract Capacity |
| (g) | Distribution Transformer charge | \$6.28 per kVA Contract Capacity |

The model applies a 2.5% discount for the single phase group customers compared to three phase customers of similar size. This is to reflect the reduced investment in network assets for single phase customers.

6.4 Powernet Overheads

The PowerNet overhead charges are based on those costs which cannot be allocated directly to either capital or maintenance.

These costs include the following:

- (a) Executive Management
- (b) Directors Fees
- (c) System Control
- (d) Miscellaneous overheads, e.g. buildings, rates, etc.

These charges are split equally over the total customer base.

The total overhead costs are \$1,180,505.

The charge per customer is \$67.77.

6.5 Powernet Charges

6.5.1 PowerNet Revenue for Individual Customers

The total PowerNet revenue for individual customers grouped by capacity is shown in the following table.

Consumer Capacity kVA	Subtransmission Charge	Distribution Charge	PowerNet Overhead Charge	Total PowerNet Charge
30	\$263.63	\$1,318.91	\$67.69	\$2,929.06
50	\$4,132.65	\$17,425.30	\$541.56	\$37,372.61
75	\$10,672.20	\$45,396.50	\$947.72	\$98,362.39
100	\$11,315.67	\$30,083.37	\$744.64	\$73,630.64
150	\$70,334.93	\$162,798.53	\$2,775.47	\$399,481.73
200	\$63,193.77	\$190,876.21	\$2,369.31	\$433,434.36
300	\$95,110.06	\$271,947.42	\$2,233.92	\$657,591.46
500	\$107,480.60	\$269,105.34	\$1,353.89	\$684,888.73
750	\$64,472.11	\$135,540.39	\$473.86	\$314,415.49
1,000	\$17,573.37	\$89,770.97	\$203.08	\$166,273.04
1,250	\$5,027.38	\$37,306.86	\$67.69	\$59,316.57
1,750	\$114,120.84	\$50,744.80	\$67.69	\$241,979.16

6.5.2 PowerNet Revenue for Group Customers

The total PowerNet revenue for group customers is shown in the following table.

Consumer Capacity	Code	Number of Connections	Sub transmission Charge	Distribution Charge	PowerNet Overheads	Total PowerNet Revenue
Domestic						
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND08P	11	\$498.37	\$2,916.61	\$744.68	\$4,159.66
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND08Q	152	\$5,896.40	\$31,648.27	\$10,290.15	\$47,834.81
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND20P	543	\$49,203.17	\$306,752.32	\$36,760.19	\$392,715.68
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND20Q	10352	\$803,151.14	\$4,768,684.67	\$700,813.08	\$6,272,648.89
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	NDL20P	194	\$13,929.65	\$26,539.67	\$13,133.48	\$53,602.79
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	NDL20Q	2963	\$181,578.64	\$286,617.16	\$200,590.14	\$668,785.94
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	NDL08P	7	\$303.98	\$1,145.52	\$473.89	\$1,923.39
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	NDL08Q	56	\$2,081.06	\$6,347.67	\$3,791.11	\$12,219.84
Non-Domestic Single Phase						
Street Lights (1 Phase)	NS001L	2	\$9,272.18	\$148,777.43	\$6,707.86	\$164,757.47
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS001P	31	\$1,486.83	\$11,568.65	\$2,098.65	\$15,154.13
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS008P	165	\$7,475.62	\$43,749.10	\$11,170.22	\$62,394.94
8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS008Q	13	\$504.30	\$2,706.76	\$880.08	\$4,091.14
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS020P	284	\$25,734.25	\$160,437.68	\$19,226.32	\$205,398.26
20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS020Q	116	\$8,999.76	\$53,435.80	\$7,853.01	\$70,288.57
Non-Domestic Three Phase						

15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT015P	61	\$5,181.96	\$29,553.55	\$4,129.60	\$38,865.11
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT015Q	10	\$727.35	\$3,835.87	\$676.98	\$5,240.21
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT030P	528	\$90,865.97	\$381,747.32	\$35,744.72	\$508,358.01
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT030Q	152	\$22,364.10	\$89,626.10	\$10,290.15	\$122,280.35
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT050P	282	\$107,648.57	\$532,067.01	\$19,090.93	\$658,806.50
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT050Q	75	\$24,500.30	\$120,374.18	\$5,077.37	\$149,951.85
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT075P	101	\$66,786.97	\$319,936.31	\$6,837.53	\$393,560.81
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT075Q	15	\$8,480.12	\$40,541.08	\$1,015.47	\$50,036.68
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT100P	60	\$63,168.15	\$251,870.56	\$4,061.90	\$319,100.60
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT100Q	7	\$6,300.65	\$25,840.97	\$473.89	\$32,615.51
EIL Bluff						
Domestic						
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD08P	2	\$328.51	\$292.39	\$135.40	\$756.30
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD08Q	6	\$835.71	\$646.32	\$406.19	\$1,888.22
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD20P	125	\$41,063.91	\$40,877.96	\$8,462.29	\$90,404.16
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD20Q	558	\$155,441.75	\$144,894.84	\$37,775.67	\$338,112.26
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	BDL20P	60	\$15,819.48	(\$3,303.20)	\$4,061.90	\$16,578.18
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	BDL20Q	133	\$29,767.22	(\$8,751.34)	\$9,003.88	\$30,019.75
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BDL08P	2	\$315.54	\$98.60	\$135.40	\$549.54
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BDL08Q	2	\$267.62	\$33.41	\$135.40	\$436.42
Non-Domestic Single Phase						
Street Lights (1 Phase)	BS001L	1	\$2,815.33	\$10,000.58	\$923.64	\$13,739.55
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS001P	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS008P	11	\$1,806.81	\$1,608.17	\$744.68	\$4,159.66

8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS008Q	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS020P	29	\$9,526.83	\$9,483.69	\$1,963.25	\$20,973.77
20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS020Q	3	\$835.71	\$779.00	\$203.09	\$1,817.81
Non-Domestic Three Phase						
15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT015P	4	\$1,231.92	\$1,045.82	\$270.79	\$2,548.53
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT015Q	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT030P	33	\$20,711.36	\$8,826.97	\$2,234.04	\$31,772.38
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT030Q	7	\$3,727.27	\$1,430.17	\$473.89	\$5,631.33
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT050P	12	\$16,642.53	\$10,579.41	\$812.38	\$28,034.32
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT050Q	4	\$4,704.99	\$3,021.65	\$270.79	\$7,997.43
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT075P	8	\$19,292.46	\$11,339.08	\$541.59	\$31,173.13
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT075Q	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT100P	4	\$15,357.98	\$5,644.60	\$270.79	\$21,273.37
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT100Q	1	\$3,257.41	\$1,334.25	\$67.70	\$4,659.36

6.6 Loss Constraint Excess Payment

Loss Constraint Excess Payments are credits rebated by Transpower as a result of money received from the Clearing Manager for the Wholesale Electricity Market and are excluded from the Transmission Charges. The payments are allocated each month to the retailers on the basis of total energy consumption for the month in which the rebate applied.

6.7 Total Line Charge Revenue

6.7.1 Fixed, Variable and Metering Charges

The total line charge is charged as a split fixed and variable charge. This allows PowerNet to share some of the risk with the Energy Trader. The fixed/variable split is approximately 50:50.

For the installations with $\frac{1}{2}$ hour metering the total line charge is halved to establish the fixed charge per annum. The variable charge is calculated as the remaining charge divided by the number of Day MWh in the customer energy profile to give a variable charge in dollars per Day MWh.

In the case of all other installations the variable charge is a standard charge of \$66.83 per Day MWh. The fixed charge is then calculated as the difference between the total charge and the number of Day MWh for the installation times \$66.83. This method of calculating the fixed charge accounts for the fact that some installations have negative fixed charges.

The Variable Charge of \$66.83 per MWh of daytime sales equates to \$63.82 per MWh of daytime purchases at the grid exit point.

6.7.2 Line Charge Revenue for Individual Customers

The line charge revenue for individual customers grouped by capacity is shown in the following table.

Consumer Capacity kVA	Number of Connections	PowerNet Revenue per Consumer Group	Average PowerNet Charge
30	1	\$1,650	\$1,650
50	8	\$22,099	\$2,762
75	14	\$57,016	\$4,073
100	11	\$42,144	\$3,831
150	41	\$235,909	\$5,754
200	35	\$256,439	\$7,327
300	33	\$369,291	\$11,191
500	20	\$377,940	\$18,897
750	7	\$200,486	\$28,641
1,000	3	\$107,547	\$35,849
1,250	1	\$42,402	\$42,402
1,750	1	\$164,933	\$164,933

6.7.3 Line Charge Revenue for Group Customers

The line charge revenue for group customers is shown in the following table.

Consumer Capacity	Code	Number of Connections	Fixed Charge per Day	Variable Charge per Day MWh Purchases	Line Charge Revenue per Consumer Group
Domestic					
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND08P	11	\$0.5953	\$63.82	\$5,528.31
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND08Q	152	\$0.4140	\$63.82	\$63,571.09
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND20P	543	\$1.1000	\$63.82	\$527,838.50
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND20Q	10352	\$0.7637	\$63.82	\$8,416,095.99
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	NDL20P	194	\$0.1500	\$103.24	\$90,205.48
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	NDL20Q	2963	\$0.0000	\$103.24	\$1,138,094.10
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	NDL08P	7	\$0.1500	\$85.17	\$2,752.23
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	NDL08Q	56	\$0.0000	\$85.17	\$17,744.89
Non-Domestic Single Phase					
Street Lights (1 Phase)	NS001L	2	\$0.0909	\$63.82	\$189,853.17
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS001P	31	\$0.4270	\$63.82	\$19,463.19
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS008P	165	\$0.5953	\$63.82	\$82,924.65
8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS008Q	13	\$0.4140	\$63.82	\$5,437.00
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS020P	284	\$1.1000	\$63.82	\$276,070.23
20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS020Q	116	\$0.7637	\$63.82	\$94,307.10
Non-Domestic Three Phase					

15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT015P	61	\$0.9192	\$63.82	\$53,095.93
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT015Q	10	\$0.5953	\$63.82	\$7,181.36
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT030P	528	\$1.5401	\$63.82	\$752,920.73
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT030Q	152	\$1.0482	\$63.82	\$181,097.30
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT050P	282	\$3.1448	\$63.82	\$952,323.44
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT050Q	75	\$2.1354	\$63.82	\$214,998.01
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT075P	101	\$6.4579	\$63.82	\$573,315.70
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT075Q	15	\$4.6979	\$63.82	\$72,339.16
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT100P	60	\$7.8555	\$63.82	\$489,115.56
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT100Q	7	\$5.6944	\$63.82	\$49,186.04
EIL Bluff					
Domestic					
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD08P	2	\$0.5953	\$63.82	\$1,005.15
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD08Q	6	\$0.4140	\$63.82	\$2,509.39
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD20P	125	\$1.1000	\$63.82	\$121,509.78
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD20Q	558	\$0.7637	\$63.82	\$453,649.69
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	BDL20P	60	\$0.1500	\$103.24	\$27,898.60
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	BDL20Q	133	\$0.0000	\$103.24	\$51,085.56
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BDL08P	2	\$0.1500	\$85.17	\$786.35
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BDL08Q	2	\$0.0000	\$85.17	\$633.75
Non-Domestic Single Phase					
Street Lights (1 Phase)	BS001L	1	\$0.0909	\$63.82	\$15,832.34
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS001P	0	\$0.4270	\$63.82	\$627.84
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS008P	11	\$0.5953	\$63.82	\$5,528.31
8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS008Q	0	\$0.4140	\$63.82	\$0.00
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS020P	29	\$1.1000	\$63.82	\$28,190.27

20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS020Q	3	\$0.7637	\$63.82	\$2,438.98
Non-Domestic Three Phase					
15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT015P	4	\$0.9192	\$63.82	\$3,481.70
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT015Q	0	\$0.5953	\$63.82	\$718.14
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT030P	33	\$1.5401	\$63.82	\$47,057.55
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT030Q	7	\$1.0482	\$63.82	\$8,340.01
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT050P	12	\$3.1448	\$63.82	\$40,524.40
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT050Q	4	\$2.1354	\$63.82	\$11,466.56
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT075P	8	\$6.4579	\$63.82	\$45,411.14
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT075Q	0	\$4.6979	\$63.82	\$0.00
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT100P	4	\$7.8555	\$63.82	\$32,607.70
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT100Q	0	\$5.6944	\$63.82	\$7,026.58

7.0 Line Charge Tables

7.1 Line Charge Breakdown for Individual Customers

ICP Number	Contract Capacity kVA	Trans Power Charge	Subtransmission Charge	Distribution Charge	PowerNet Charge	Total Line Charge	Fixed Charge per annum	Variable Charge per Day MWh
880323NV-EBD	150	\$4,896.18	\$1,100.60	\$4,470.71	\$67.70	\$10,535.20	\$5,267.60	\$25.66
9003081NV-OFF	200	\$8,656.84	\$1,973.12	\$6,192.86	\$67.70	\$16,890.53	\$8,445.26	\$26.12
8803298NV-3CC	500	\$13,303.51	\$4,030.68	\$12,957.29	\$67.70	\$30,359.18	\$15,179.59	\$26.92
740649NV-C13	75	\$3,380.43	\$732.39	\$3,036.58	\$67.70	\$7,217.10	\$3,608.55	\$32.58
900390NV-B86	300	\$7,361.02	\$2,679.20	\$6,671.82	\$67.70	\$16,779.73	\$6,449.73	\$63.82
880327NV-FB7	300	\$16,009.60	\$5,468.78	\$12,322.81	\$67.70	\$33,868.89	(\$25,635.70)	\$63.82
8102959NV-5D5	300	\$10,549.88	\$2,454.74	\$8,840.73	\$67.70	\$21,913.05	\$10,956.52	\$25.80
900350NV-C69	100	\$4,313.68	\$952.81	\$2,953.72	\$67.70	\$8,287.92	\$4,143.96	\$23.28
810201NV-DAD	150	\$1,603.20	\$613.26	\$3,542.60	\$67.70	\$5,826.77	\$2,913.38	\$36.28
7341266NV-3A6	150	\$2,273.65	\$472.26	\$3,606.56	\$67.70	\$6,420.18	\$3,210.09	\$30.15
734802NV-A50	150	\$3,934.86	\$1,422.50	\$4,271.24	\$67.70	\$9,696.30	\$4,848.15	\$28.03
734355NV-C9C	300	\$3,133.11	\$1,134.78	\$6,030.37	\$67.70	\$10,365.96	\$6,645.94	\$63.82
850948NV-9C2	30	\$1,278.82	\$263.63	\$1,318.91	\$67.70	\$2,929.07	\$1,464.53	\$23.77
900327NV-4FE	50	\$2,078.27	\$547.97	\$2,475.27	\$67.70	\$5,169.20	\$2,584.60	\$20.76
8803283NV-7B5	150	\$8,301.88	\$2,414.56	\$5,408.61	\$67.70	\$16,192.75	\$8,096.37	\$19.83
740385NV-DE7	200	\$7,310.22	\$1,530.03	\$5,902.69	\$67.70	\$14,810.64	\$7,405.32	\$22.76
9003503NV-035	200	\$6,257.11	\$1,622.96	\$5,669.42	\$67.70	\$13,617.18	\$6,808.59	\$38.01
8509006NV-D55	150	\$4,204.04	\$1,036.64	\$4,438.44	\$67.70	\$9,746.81	\$4,873.41	\$20.49
880344NV-C87	300	\$11,616.29	\$3,915.10	\$10,746.41	\$67.70	\$26,345.49	(\$17,436.69)	\$63.82
7433294NV-FC6	150	\$3,220.17	\$1,156.69	\$3,542.32	\$67.70	\$7,986.87	\$2,135.91	\$63.82

743331NV-CBF	150	\$3,745.30	\$1,305.31	\$3,880.94	\$67.70	\$8,999.26	\$1,744.91	\$63.82
900330NV-399	500	\$31,021.87	\$8,589.15	\$19,521.45	\$67.70	\$59,200.16	\$29,600.08	\$19.69
740373NV-C7F	200	\$4,136.28	\$1,202.44	\$5,100.86	\$67.70	\$10,507.27	\$5,253.63	\$31.57
721862NV-A61	50	\$4,921.42	\$1,228.44	\$3,836.57	\$67.70	\$10,054.13	\$5,027.07	\$19.54
8803601NV-E7B	150	\$6,812.73	\$2,430.67	\$5,581.45	\$67.70	\$14,892.54	(\$10,674.32)	\$63.82
8548111NV-903	75	\$3,979.92	\$912.44	\$3,499.79	\$67.70	\$8,459.85	\$4,229.93	\$29.79
734326NV-501	200	\$4,166.14	\$1,293.86	\$5,794.02	\$67.70	\$11,321.71	\$2,220.94	\$63.82
734325NV-9C1	150	\$1,059.25	\$342.90	\$3,430.63	\$67.70	\$4,900.47	\$743.90	\$63.82
9003114NV-B53	50	\$364.47	\$262.55	\$1,410.61	\$67.70	\$2,105.32	\$1,052.66	\$22.49
734165NV-163	750	\$21,685.02	\$5,291.63	\$20,546.13	\$67.70	\$47,590.48	\$23,795.24	\$24.82
8541431NV-DF3	150	\$3,222.63	\$1,170.71	\$3,461.40	\$67.70	\$7,922.45	\$3,422.88	\$63.82
722703NV-43B	200	\$5,165.58	\$751.63	\$4,681.16	\$67.70	\$10,666.07	\$5,333.03	\$52.61
90030815NV-060	500	\$2,667.65	\$882.64	\$10,552.74	\$67.70	\$14,170.73	\$7,085.36	\$47.27
734846NV-9FF	50	\$469.30	\$236.59	\$1,312.67	\$67.70	\$2,086.27	\$1,532.27	\$63.82
900356NV-DE6	300	\$8,025.91	\$2,932.34	\$7,558.65	\$67.70	\$18,584.60	(\$5,078.93)	\$63.82
8665558NV-6AF	200	\$3,145.60	\$904.91	\$5,041.46	\$67.70	\$9,159.67	\$4,579.83	\$31.80
8803767NV-900	150	\$785.69	\$277.49	\$3,302.39	\$67.70	\$4,433.27	\$773.77	\$63.82
740394NV-B0F	200	\$3,582.60	\$1,231.91	\$5,358.04	\$67.70	\$10,240.25	(\$2,479.71)	\$63.82
9003071NV-0E8	300	\$21,706.77	\$6,160.45	\$11,642.24	\$67.70	\$39,577.16	\$19,788.58	\$18.46
8509026NV-000	500	\$10,566.37	\$2,520.60	\$12,170.72	\$67.70	\$25,325.38	\$12,662.69	\$25.06
7551948NV-7E0	300	\$9,238.34	\$2,520.33	\$8,105.79	\$67.70	\$19,932.16	\$9,966.08	\$31.09
9003385NV-2F6	150	\$6,696.73	\$1,445.98	\$4,573.21	\$67.70	\$12,783.62	\$6,391.81	\$25.70
9003117NV-793	300	\$13,717.20	\$5,455.79	\$9,968.58	\$67.70	\$29,209.27	\$14,604.63	\$25.86
7403085NV-205	200	\$6,494.71	\$1,589.27	\$5,867.98	\$67.70	\$14,019.66	\$7,009.83	\$24.90
900305NV-92E	750	\$10,471.58	\$6,692.05	\$17,747.76	\$67.70	\$34,979.09	\$17,489.55	\$49.04
900306NV-5EE	750	\$11,528.51	\$3,226.78	\$16,841.27	\$67.70	\$31,664.27	\$15,832.13	\$52.97
744103NV-5A5	750	\$16,963.41	\$4,399.00	\$19,866.06	\$67.70	\$41,296.16	\$20,648.08	\$24.50
734318NV-162	300	\$3,908.78	\$859.17	\$6,900.41	\$67.70	\$11,736.07	\$5,868.03	\$28.54

734470NV-384	300	\$1,331.80	\$435.97	\$6,044.88	\$67.70	\$7,880.35	\$3,214.61	\$63.82
754696NV-OEE	100	\$4,564.43	\$1,474.80	\$3,919.42	\$67.70	\$10,026.34	\$5,013.17	\$19.61
831121NV-B96	300	\$2,227.17	\$897.63	\$6,080.69	\$67.70	\$9,273.18	\$4,636.59	\$50.79
9003083NV-07A	500	\$14,086.38	\$4,851.14	\$13,608.16	\$67.70	\$32,613.38	\$16,306.69	\$24.42
900313NV-20C	300	\$9,013.10	\$2,432.61	\$8,592.74	\$67.70	\$20,106.15	\$10,053.07	\$23.38
880314NV-48F	300	\$3,799.07	\$1,336.32	\$7,021.21	\$67.70	\$12,224.30	\$6,112.15	\$28.04
880363NV-C18	200	\$4,180.31	\$968.29	\$5,282.22	\$67.70	\$10,498.53	\$5,249.26	\$27.35
880302NV-FAD	150	\$5,334.91	\$1,393.57	\$4,783.24	\$67.70	\$11,579.41	\$5,789.71	\$18.69
8803047NV-B57	150	\$2,584.08	\$812.50	\$3,679.99	\$67.70	\$7,144.27	\$3,572.14	\$34.81
73015753NV-A0E	150	\$4,924.92	\$1,377.77	\$4,537.09	\$67.70	\$10,907.47	\$5,453.74	\$22.62
7301164NV-BB5	150	\$4,462.61	\$1,005.26	\$4,290.30	\$67.70	\$9,825.87	\$4,912.93	\$22.99
8803625NV-224	100	\$1,932.83	\$721.40	\$2,827.20	\$67.70	\$5,549.13	\$2,774.56	\$19.62
9003212NV-9DF	100	\$3,060.33	\$672.31	\$2,787.19	\$67.70	\$6,587.54	\$3,293.77	\$23.41
7301102NV-5CA	100	\$41.68	\$25.25	\$1,918.18	\$67.70	\$2,052.81	\$1,026.40	\$275.07
7301908NV-756	75	\$4,059.99	\$979.93	\$3,996.12	\$67.70	\$9,103.74	\$4,551.87	\$21.37
880308NV-D3C	75	\$3,762.98	\$1,087.32	\$3,758.24	\$67.70	\$8,676.24	\$4,338.12	\$21.14
7301973NV-CDF	75	\$3,819.43	\$971.66	\$3,823.63	\$67.70	\$8,682.42	\$4,341.21	\$21.92
8803164NV-3C6	75	\$4,547.51	\$1,038.41	\$3,946.31	\$67.70	\$9,599.93	\$4,799.96	\$25.94
8803165NV-F83	50	\$2,723.19	\$576.63	\$2,357.96	\$67.70	\$5,725.48	\$2,862.74	\$24.62
9003143NV-E91	200	\$2,448.00	\$672.47	\$4,856.53	\$67.70	\$8,044.69	\$4,022.35	\$31.75
744611NV-08F	300	\$7,992.36	\$1,987.11	\$7,449.06	\$67.70	\$17,496.23	\$8,748.11	\$33.42
9003603NV-336	300	\$14,525.94	\$4,034.95	\$9,874.30	\$67.70	\$28,502.89	\$14,251.44	\$23.43
9003051NV-DBD	300	\$21,055.73	\$4,817.07	\$10,456.51	\$67.70	\$36,397.00	\$18,198.50	\$25.67
7757907NV-783	300	\$14,701.36	\$4,150.97	\$9,157.65	\$67.70	\$28,077.68	\$14,038.84	\$28.41
7757994NV-4A4	200	\$6,701.28	\$1,990.42	\$5,412.80	\$67.70	\$14,172.19	\$7,086.09	\$39.12
880336NV-95F	300	\$1,937.46	\$5,735.90	\$11,710.46	\$67.70	\$19,451.51	\$9,725.75	\$11.18
8803031NV-F85	200	\$8,297.15	\$2,272.92	\$6,771.30	\$67.70	\$17,409.08	\$8,704.54	\$20.16
880321NV-E38	200	\$6,201.56	\$1,810.87	\$6,051.30	\$67.70	\$14,131.42	\$7,065.71	\$21.58

8665382NV-F7A	150	\$8,474.60	\$2,918.78	\$5,671.19	\$67.70	\$17,132.27	(\$4,972.34)	\$63.82
721876NV-1C6	200	\$1,765.71	\$498.58	\$4,655.96	\$67.70	\$6,987.95	\$3,493.98	\$41.10
750191NV-4A6	150	\$3,578.04	\$1,208.73	\$4,263.17	\$67.70	\$9,117.64	(\$2,236.69)	\$63.82
880317NV-84F	300	\$2,269.30	\$548.28	\$6,000.05	\$67.70	\$8,885.33	\$4,442.67	\$56.70
8365737NV-155	500	\$12,809.52	\$3,099.33	\$12,144.91	\$67.70	\$28,121.45	\$14,060.73	\$31.98
9003244NV-058	300	\$11,310.01	\$3,137.23	\$9,459.89	\$67.70	\$23,974.83	\$11,987.41	\$20.65
7447592NV-D72	150	\$1,487.41	\$309.38	\$3,327.20	\$67.70	\$5,191.69	\$2,595.84	\$42.24
8665408NV-7A3	150	\$4,324.96	\$1,543.92	\$3,740.40	\$67.70	\$9,676.98	\$3,664.84	\$63.82
9003243NV-D92	200	\$12,296.33	\$4,072.62	\$9,776.41	\$67.70	\$26,213.06	(\$19,427.83)	\$63.82
880361NV-C9D	500	\$20,150.06	\$5,306.88	\$16,135.98	\$67.70	\$41,660.63	\$20,830.31	\$19.09
7302979NV-CAE	150	\$6,543.81	\$2,231.01	\$4,912.04	\$67.70	\$13,754.55	\$152.28	\$63.82
744655NV-320	200	\$5,222.60	\$1,221.75	\$5,771.38	\$67.70	\$12,283.42	\$6,141.71	\$25.87
7341276NV-90B	200	\$3,681.53	\$880.61	\$5,124.89	\$67.70	\$9,754.73	\$4,877.37	\$27.19
7341272NV-801	150	\$3,715.92	\$736.89	\$3,890.05	\$67.70	\$8,410.56	\$4,205.28	\$31.48
733399NV-C0D	150	\$2,793.02	\$672.41	\$3,611.85	\$67.70	\$7,144.97	\$3,572.48	\$31.32
880316NV-40A	300	\$5,246.35	\$1,472.39	\$6,970.31	\$67.70	\$13,756.76	\$6,878.38	\$38.83
900325NV-47B	500	\$34,548.77	\$9,272.62	\$21,200.77	\$67.70	\$65,089.85	\$32,544.93	\$17.69
8509962NV-AA6	75	\$903.82	\$243.69	\$2,365.19	\$67.70	\$3,580.41	\$1,790.20	\$31.79
7317032NV-617	200	\$8,023.22	\$1,996.87	\$6,017.45	\$67.70	\$16,105.24	\$8,052.62	\$29.24
9003573NV-568	200	\$6,639.32	\$2,332.78	\$5,729.96	\$67.70	\$14,769.76	(\$1,726.29)	\$63.82
880375NV-73A	300	\$5,087.37	\$1,919.86	\$6,326.91	\$67.70	\$13,401.85	\$543.00	\$63.82
880309NV-179	300	\$6,720.68	\$1,768.64	\$7,667.97	\$67.70	\$16,224.99	\$8,112.50	\$24.17
8144266NV-0A8	200	\$7,197.84	\$1,820.83	\$6,215.85	\$67.70	\$15,302.22	\$7,651.11	\$26.02
880329NV-C2C	1000	\$43,296.64	\$12,832.44	\$38,605.81	\$67.70	\$94,802.59	\$47,401.30	\$23.89
7406951NV-064	50	\$2,362.93	\$454.81	\$2,186.86	\$67.70	\$5,072.29	\$2,536.15	\$30.81
7205085NV-6A2	100	\$2,578.77	\$716.76	\$2,773.94	\$67.70	\$6,137.17	\$3,068.59	\$23.66
8305967NV-D0E	750	\$6,323.13	\$4,839.08	\$16,069.85	\$67.70	\$27,299.76	\$13,649.88	\$83.07
730158NV-F40	50	\$1,510.82	\$524.60	\$2,208.33	\$67.70	\$4,311.45	(\$1,412.49)	\$63.82

7501996NV-A4D	150	\$1,427.64	\$473.91	\$3,726.84	\$67.70	\$5,696.10	(\$952.13)	\$63.82
7341792NV-7BE	200	\$3,801.36	\$962.47	\$5,052.16	\$67.70	\$9,883.69	\$4,941.84	\$26.83
9003235NV-940	500	\$22,927.28	\$6,985.75	\$16,446.77	\$67.70	\$46,427.49	\$23,213.75	\$24.34
7229001NV-0AF	200	\$2,141.34	\$738.88	\$4,585.32	\$67.70	\$7,533.24	\$3,766.62	\$43.63
880397NV-D05	1000	\$9,536.21	\$3,613.24	\$28,203.63	\$67.70	\$41,420.78	\$20,710.39	\$40.09
880398NV-2DB	500	\$1,481.92	\$445.23	\$9,767.11	\$67.70	\$11,761.96	\$5,880.98	\$63.12
722709NV-6AA	500	\$204.90	\$55.92	\$9,302.92	\$67.70	\$9,631.44	\$4,815.72	\$359.43
724187NV-3BD	150	\$3,203.45	\$1,091.80	\$4,337.79	\$67.70	\$8,700.74	(\$5,172.29)	\$63.82
760737NV-A1C	500	\$15,447.14	\$4,343.75	\$12,517.84	\$67.70	\$32,376.43	\$16,188.21	\$39.10
9003082NV-C3F	75	\$6,291.69	\$1,386.07	\$4,298.01	\$67.70	\$12,043.46	\$6,021.73	\$26.96
7227011NV-2C2	500	\$7,772.53	\$1,964.21	\$10,570.63	\$67.70	\$20,375.07	\$10,187.54	\$65.33
9003995NV-251	300	\$3,551.07	\$1,431.85	\$6,425.95	\$67.70	\$11,476.57	\$5,191.92	\$63.82
82029943NV-B5B	150	\$3,337.21	\$1,185.07	\$3,334.37	\$67.70	\$7,924.35	\$6,186.16	\$63.82
835083NV-C88	300	\$2,011.33	\$1,353.45	\$6,005.44	\$67.70	\$9,437.92	\$4,718.96	\$127.74
825292NV-886	500	\$12,428.66	\$3,407.64	\$12,906.11	\$67.70	\$28,810.11	\$14,405.05	\$29.58
900384NV-021	500	\$26,175.87	\$6,487.34	\$16,839.01	\$67.70	\$49,569.91	\$24,784.96	\$22.70
7302313NV-BC5	75	\$1,117.25	\$199.26	\$2,208.08	\$67.70	\$3,592.29	\$1,796.14	\$50.69
7302304NV-CA2	150	\$1,485.99	\$548.30	\$3,120.27	\$67.70	\$5,222.26	\$3,225.81	\$63.82
900383NV-DEB	500	\$8,044.98	\$2,169.03	\$10,741.28	\$67.70	\$21,022.99	\$10,511.50	\$57.88
730262NV-92A	100	\$2,149.63	\$906.24	\$2,292.42	\$67.70	\$5,415.99	\$3,608.10	\$63.82
7350005NV-3D0	75	\$1,722.16	\$603.90	\$2,746.86	\$67.70	\$5,140.61	\$670.65	\$63.82
734360NV-62B	75	\$2,932.34	\$1,077.63	\$4,009.12	\$67.70	\$8,086.79	(\$5,678.32)	\$63.82
735249NV-D8B	200	\$5,614.66	\$1,984.12	\$5,420.15	\$67.70	\$13,086.63	\$3,076.64	\$63.82
9003053NV-D38	300	\$12,418.04	\$4,478.01	\$9,057.94	\$67.70	\$26,021.70	\$13,010.85	\$27.58
850908NV-B67	750	\$28,010.82	\$7,424.97	\$24,250.88	\$67.70	\$59,754.37	\$29,877.18	\$19.78
734110NV-971	300	\$8,013.89	\$2,224.06	\$7,347.66	\$67.70	\$17,653.31	\$8,826.66	\$30.24
7501257NV-2E9	150	\$1,602.00	\$540.67	\$3,521.73	\$67.70	\$5,732.10	\$1,116.80	\$63.82
7350693NV-BBE	75	\$1,029.98	\$367.38	\$2,167.67	\$67.70	\$3,632.73	\$990.89	\$63.82

7447181NV-71E	75	\$1,906.30	\$409.57	\$2,794.74	\$67.70	\$5,178.30	\$2,589.15	\$27.49
900358NV-E7D	200	\$4,974.57	\$1,816.02	\$4,817.90	\$67.70	\$11,676.19	\$4,401.76	\$63.82
734460NV-929	200	\$7,269.17	\$1,522.75	\$6,199.29	\$67.70	\$15,058.91	\$7,529.45	\$24.29
724179NV-031	100	\$778.13	\$636.39	\$2,134.90	\$67.70	\$3,617.12	\$1,808.56	\$55.04
8425758NV-FE5	150	\$7,497.84	\$2,121.88	\$5,279.18	\$67.70	\$14,966.60	\$7,483.30	\$22.48
7302953NV-36A	300	\$4,736.29	\$1,080.59	\$6,812.77	\$67.70	\$12,697.35	\$6,348.67	\$31.17
900351NV-02C	200	\$9,830.21	\$2,636.87	\$7,682.09	\$67.70	\$20,216.86	\$10,108.43	\$17.76
7341793NV-BFB	100	\$4,110.05	\$787.37	\$2,826.16	\$67.70	\$7,791.27	\$3,895.64	\$27.49
734188NV-482	300	\$15,632.76	\$4,034.72	\$10,608.88	\$67.70	\$30,344.06	\$15,172.03	\$19.04
800449NV-3FB	75	\$1,892.20	\$662.53	\$2,746.16	\$67.70	\$5,368.59	\$85.02	\$63.82
900308NV-675	1250	\$16,914.63	\$5,027.38	\$37,306.86	\$67.70	\$59,316.57	\$29,658.29	\$38.62
8305981NV-63B	500	\$21,432.95	\$5,326.17	\$14,264.72	\$67.70	\$41,091.54	\$20,545.77	\$34.10
832431NV-6DE	1000	\$5,892.77	\$1,127.69	\$22,961.53	\$67.70	\$30,049.68	\$15,024.84	\$84.83
8305375NV-D2C	50	\$842.71	\$301.06	\$1,637.03	\$67.70	\$2,848.49	\$132.34	\$63.82
760735NV-A99	150	\$3,685.35	\$986.24	\$3,800.66	\$67.70	\$8,539.95	\$4,269.97	\$37.52
900319NV-09D	200	\$1,246.13	\$415.29	\$4,414.29	\$67.70	\$6,143.40	\$2,809.38	\$63.82
740630NV-71F	150	\$6,672.17	\$1,710.94	\$4,248.93	\$67.70	\$12,699.75	\$6,349.87	\$32.62
7433292NV-E49	500	\$11,906.76	\$4,610.17	\$12,294.45	\$67.70	\$28,879.07	\$14,439.53	\$37.97
9003193NV-3D3	200	\$121.53	\$43.56	\$4,056.10	\$67.70	\$4,288.89	\$3,623.40	\$63.82
744586NV-1A1	150	\$3,237.53	\$1,204.76	\$3,237.60	\$67.70	\$7,747.58	\$5,091.45	\$63.82
744592NV-A06	200	\$1,136.74	\$366.54	\$4,501.73	\$67.70	\$6,072.72	\$2,143.07	\$63.82
731881NV-4FA	200	\$5,458.10	\$1,961.77	\$5,145.72	\$67.70	\$12,633.28	\$2,562.79	\$63.82
8509025NV-CC0	300	\$13,840.76	\$3,452.11	\$9,552.04	\$67.70	\$26,912.61	\$13,456.31	\$19.67
8803032NV-345	150	\$4,700.50	\$862.18	\$4,181.40	\$67.70	\$9,811.78	\$4,905.89	\$29.79
900342NV-641	100	\$6,263.25	\$1,752.83	\$3,584.31	\$67.70	\$11,668.10	\$5,834.05	\$21.90
744608NV-473	300	\$10,476.87	\$2,833.48	\$8,368.27	\$67.70	\$21,746.32	\$10,873.16	\$24.09
933534NV-759	200	\$561.07	\$5,604.59	\$4,559.52	\$67.70	\$10,792.88	\$5,396.44	\$18.49
931777NV-07B	750	\$18,946.65	\$32,598.60	\$20,218.44	\$67.70	\$71,831.38	\$35,915.69	\$22.25

931749NV-418	300	\$5,134.44	\$5,966.19	\$6,168.02	\$67.70	\$17,336.34	\$8,668.17	\$30.76
931775NV-0FE	150	\$3,018.79	\$4,007.69	\$2,837.43	\$67.70	\$9,931.61	\$6,808.78	\$63.82
930503NV-F8B	100	\$1,694.17	\$2,670.06	\$2,065.92	\$67.70	\$6,497.86	\$3,248.93	\$49.32
930505NV-E04	150	\$5,134.16	\$6,239.61	\$4,168.18	\$67.70	\$15,609.65	(\$2,084.85)	\$63.82
920755NV-4EA	150	\$9,125.35	\$6,801.25	\$4,507.76	\$67.70	\$20,502.07	\$10,251.03	\$28.74
931776NV-C3E	150	\$3,184.63	\$4,152.22	\$2,926.36	\$67.70	\$10,330.90	\$5,942.68	\$63.82
930921NV-E57	200	\$3,162.14	\$3,943.25	\$4,145.86	\$67.70	\$11,318.95	\$4,469.27	\$63.82
931326NV-837	150	\$2,006.53	\$2,527.59	\$2,971.34	\$67.70	\$7,573.15	\$3,410.01	\$63.82
9406013NV-102	500	\$16,314.95	\$12,268.08	\$11,464.47	\$67.70	\$40,115.20	\$20,057.60	\$33.55
9406011NV-187	500	\$23,656.85	\$20,864.26	\$13,698.01	\$67.70	\$58,286.83	\$29,143.41	\$26.84
931746NV-BC6	200	\$5,714.23	\$7,223.62	\$5,200.38	\$67.70	\$18,205.93	(\$401.17)	\$63.82
9408016NV-48D	1750	\$77,045.83	\$114,120.84	\$50,744.80	\$67.70	\$241,979.00	\$120,989.58	\$30.32
931760NV-71C	150	\$3,235.42	\$4,018.57	\$3,162.34	\$67.70	\$10,484.03	\$4,463.34	\$63.82
931704NV-9E6	200	\$4,393.90	\$1,334.89	\$3,821.18	\$67.70	\$9,617.68	\$4,808.84	\$96.18
934525NV-5D1	150	\$2,037.66	\$2,462.46	\$3,219.32	\$67.70	\$7,787.13	\$1,859.71	\$63.82

7.2 Line Charge Breakdown for Group Customers

Consumer Capacity	Code	Number of Connections	TransPower Charge	Sub transmission Charge	Distribution Charge	PowerNet Overheads	Fixed Charge per Day	Variable Charge per Day MWh Purchases
Domestic								
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND08P	11	\$1,368.65	\$498.37	\$2,916.61	\$744.68	\$0.60	\$63.82
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND08Q	152	\$15,736.28	\$5,896.40	\$31,648.27	\$10,290.15	\$0.41	\$63.82
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	ND20P	543	\$135,122.82	\$49,203.17	\$306,752.32	\$36,760.19	\$1.10	\$63.82
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	ND20Q	10352	\$2,143,447.11	\$803,151.14	\$4,768,684.67	\$700,813.08	\$0.76	\$63.82
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	NDL20P	194	\$36,602.69	\$13,929.65	\$26,539.67	\$13,133.48	\$0.15	\$103.24
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	NDL20Q	2963	\$469,308.16	\$181,578.64	\$286,617.16	\$200,590.14	\$0.00	\$103.24
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	NDL08P	7	\$828.84	\$303.98	\$1,145.52	\$473.89	\$0.15	\$85.17
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	NDL08Q	56	\$5,525.04	\$2,081.06	\$6,347.67	\$3,791.11	\$0.00	\$85.17
Non-Domestic Single Phase								
Street Lights (1 Phase)	NS001L	4221	\$25,095.70	\$9,272.18	\$148,777.43	\$6,707.86	\$0.09	\$63.82
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS001P	31	\$4,309.06	\$1,486.83	\$11,568.65	\$2,098.65	\$0.43	\$63.82
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS008P	165	\$20,529.71	\$7,475.62	\$43,749.10	\$11,170.22	\$0.60	\$63.82
8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS008Q	13	\$1,345.87	\$504.30	\$2,706.76	\$880.08	\$0.41	\$63.82
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	NS020P	284	\$70,671.97	\$25,734.25	\$160,437.68	\$19,226.32	\$1.10	\$63.82
20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	NS020Q	116	\$24,018.53	\$8,999.76	\$53,435.80	\$7,853.01	\$0.76	\$63.82
Non-Domestic Three Phase								
15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT015P	61	\$14,230.82	\$5,181.96	\$29,553.55	\$4,129.60	\$0.92	\$63.82

15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT015Q	10	\$1,941.15	\$727.35	\$3,835.87	\$676.98	\$0.60	\$63.82
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT030P	528	\$244,562.72	\$90,865.97	\$381,747.32	\$35,744.72	\$1.54	\$63.82
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT030Q	152	\$58,816.95	\$22,364.10	\$89,626.10	\$10,290.15	\$1.05	\$63.82
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT050P	282	\$293,516.93	\$107,648.57	\$532,067.01	\$19,090.93	\$3.14	\$63.82
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT050Q	75	\$65,046.15	\$24,500.30	\$120,374.18	\$5,077.37	\$2.14	\$63.82
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT075P	101	\$179,754.89	\$66,786.97	\$319,936.31	\$6,837.53	\$6.46	\$63.82
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT075Q	15	\$22,302.48	\$8,480.12	\$40,541.08	\$1,015.47	\$4.70	\$63.82
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	NT100P	60	\$170,014.96	\$63,168.15	\$251,870.56	\$4,061.90	\$7.86	\$63.82
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	NT100Q	7	\$16,570.54	\$6,300.65	\$25,840.97	\$473.89	\$5.69	\$63.82
EIL Bluff								
Domestic								
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD08P	2	\$248.84	\$328.51	\$292.39	\$135.40	\$0.60	\$63.82
Small Domestic (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD08Q	6	\$621.17	\$835.71	\$646.32	\$406.19	\$0.41	\$63.82
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BD20P	125	\$31,105.62	\$41,063.91	\$40,877.96	\$8,462.29	\$1.10	\$63.82
Standard Domestic (20kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BD20Q	558	\$115,537.43	\$155,441.75	\$144,894.84	\$37,775.67	\$0.76	\$63.82
10% Fixed Charge Option - All Peak	BDL20P	60	\$11,320.42	\$15,819.48	(\$3,303.20)	\$4,061.90	\$0.15	\$103.24
10% Fixed Charge Option - With Off Peak	BDL20Q	133	\$21,065.81	\$29,767.22	(\$8,751.34)	\$9,003.88	\$0.00	\$103.24
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - All Peak	BDL08P	2	\$236.81	\$315.54	\$98.60	\$135.40	\$0.15	\$85.17
10% Fixed Charge Option (8kVA 1 Phase) - With Off Peak	BDL08Q	2	\$197.32	\$267.62	\$33.41	\$135.40	\$0.00	\$85.17
Non-Domestic Single Phase								
Street Lights (1 Phase)	BS001L	352	\$2,092.79	\$2,815.33	\$10,000.58	\$923.64	\$0.09	\$63.82
1 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS001P	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.43	\$63.82
8 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS008P	11	\$1,368.65	\$1,806.81	\$1,608.17	\$744.68	\$0.60	\$63.82
8 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS008Q	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.41	\$63.82
20 kVA 1 Phase - All Peak	BS020P	29	\$7,216.50	\$9,526.83	\$9,483.69	\$1,963.25	\$1.10	\$63.82

20 kVA 1 Phase - With Off Peak	BS020Q	3	\$621.17	\$835.71	\$779.00	\$203.09	\$0.76	\$63.82
Non-Domestic Three Phase								
15 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT015P	4	\$933.17	\$1,231.92	\$1,045.82	\$270.79	\$0.92	\$63.82
15 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT015Q	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.60	\$63.82
30 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT030P	33	\$15,285.17	\$20,711.36	\$8,826.97	\$2,234.04	\$1.54	\$63.82
30 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT030Q	7	\$2,708.68	\$3,727.27	\$1,430.17	\$473.89	\$1.05	\$63.82
50 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT050P	12	\$12,490.08	\$16,642.53	\$10,579.41	\$812.38	\$3.14	\$63.82
50 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT050Q	4	\$3,469.13	\$4,704.99	\$3,021.65	\$270.79	\$2.14	\$63.82
75 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT075P	8	\$14,238.01	\$19,292.46	\$11,339.08	\$541.59	\$6.46	\$63.82
75 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT075Q	0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4.70	\$63.82
100 kVA 3 Phase - All Peak	BT100P	4	\$11,334.33	\$15,357.98	\$5,644.60	\$270.79	\$7.86	\$63.82
100 kVA 3 Phase - With Off Peak	BT100Q	1	\$2,367.22	\$3,257.41	\$1,334.25	\$67.70	\$5.69	\$63.82

8.0 Electricity Authority Pricing Principles Comparison

In this section PowerNet sets out how it considers it meets the Electricity Authority's pricing principles.

8.1 Prices are to signal the economic costs of service provision, by:

- i. Being subsidy free (equal to or greater than incremental costs, and less than or equal to stand alone costs) except where subsidies arise from compliance with legislation and/or other regulation;*
- ii. Having regard, to the extent practicable, to the level of available service capacity; and*
- iii. Signalling, to the extent practicable, the impact of additional usage on future investment costs.*

The PowerNet cost allocation model allocates costs to individual customers based on their share of the assets employed to supply them. The remaining group customers have the resulting costs allocated to them on an averaged basis once the individual customers' costs have been deducted from the total costs. This method results in a cost allocation which recovers revenue in between stand alone costs and the incremental cost of supply.

PowerNet takes subsidy free prices to mean that for each consumer group, the revenues from that group should not be below the cost of connecting that consumer group to the network (incremental costs), or, be greater than the costs of supplying that group, as if they were the only customer group (stand-alone costs). It is not easy to accurately establish the stand alone costs for most customers supplied by a common service via a meshed network. We can conclude that stand alone costs would be higher than average costs for those customers given the scale efficiencies in supplying them from a meshed network. PowerNet believes that the cost allocators used in the model are a representation of the underlying cost drivers of the business and therefore is subsidy free.

New connections to the network pay a capital contribution if the expected revenue from the line charge does not cover the capital recovery cost required, this ensures that new connections are not subsidised and that total revenue from the new customer is not less than the expected incremental costs.

PowerNet's pricing structure is based on capacity based load groups to ensure prices have regard to the level of service capacity and encourages the use of controlled energy consumption by having a price differential in the fixed charge for group customers.

The day/night energy component also provides a strong signal to consumers to reduce their costs by utilising spare network capacity at night thus reducing capital investment in the network.

Individual customers have a capacity based charge along with a peak demand charge.

This is because the most significant cost driver that influences investment requirements in the network is the combined peak demand of all consumers in an area. PowerNet designs and constructs its network to meet this peak load. This ensures that prices signal the impact of additional demand on future investment costs.

8.2 Where prices based on ‘efficient’ incremental costs would under-recover allowed revenues, the shortfall should be made up by setting prices in a manner that has regard to consumers’ demand responsiveness, to the extent practicable.

PowerNet believes that this principle is similar to the Ramsey Pricing principle which is a form of price discrimination used by monopolies, where those consumers with inelastic demand face higher charges as their consumption is least likely to be distorted as a result.

This principle is difficult to apply as price elasticity information is difficult to obtain and it is likely the price elasticities will be different within each load group.

A rule of thumb from past experience led to the conclusion that a 10% increase in charges would result in a 1% decrease in usage for about six to nine months, after which usage would return to normal as consumers adjusted to the new prices and returned to previous habits and patterns of usage.

In the past PowerNet has not found it practicable to assess consumers’ demand responsiveness and set charges accordingly to recover lost revenue. These changes, including the loss of revenue from the introduction of the "Low Fixed Charges", have been addressed in future price adjustments. Revenue growth from new loads has also tended to compensate for revenue reduction from more efficient use.

PowerNet also uses tariff structures which have variable charges to recover predominately fixed charges which can differentiate different consumers’ elasticity but also results in a degree of annual revenue uncertainty due to climate and economic variations.

8.3 Provided that prices satisfy (a) above, prices should be responsive to the requirement, and circumstances of stakeholders in order to:

- i. Discourage uneconomic bypass;*
- ii. Allow for negotiation to better reflect the economic value of services and enable stakeholders to make price/quality trade-offs or non standard arrangements for services; and*
- iii. Where network economics warrant, and to the extent practicable, encourage investment in transmission and distribution alternatives (eg: distributed generation or demand response) and technology innovation.*

The main risk of bypass is that large consumers will choose to connect directly to the Transpower network. PowerNet’s individual pricing for large customers and individual account management to industrial and large commercial customers addresses the risk of bypass by negotiating arrangements that, as closely as practical, reflect the network costs incurred by each individual consumer.

PowerNets' pricing model for large individual consumers ensures that the price is cost reflective. The pricing model allows customers to own their own distribution transformers passing on the savings made by ownership.

The use of individual capacity and demands also ensures that the price is cost reflective. By these processes, PowerNet discourages uneconomic bypass of its network and allows negotiation to tailor its services to the specific needs of the consumer.

During the consultation process with customers, particularly the larger individual consumers, and often when they are extending or requiring a new supply, price/quality trade-offs are discussed and offered, these often in the form of offering the customer an (n-1) supply. Consumers who choose this level of supply will have the extra costs reflected in their individual line charge.

Each year PowerNet conducts a customer survey of 100 domestic and commercial customers. Customers are asked if they would pay an extra \$10 per month in their line charge to reduce the number of outages they experienced each year, 86% stated no to this question.

PowerNet' peak times are outlined in the methodology and have encouraged individual customers to employ demand response actions such as turning on alternative generation or load shifting during these times to reduce their peak demands. Domestic customers have the option to put some of their appliances on controlled tariffs to qualify for the off-peak fixed charge.

Customers are encouraged to use energy at night through the use of night store heaters, heating the hot water or using their appliances such as clothes driers, washing machines etc during this period. The customer is then financially rewarded as the consumption does not attract any variable line charge. The "whole house day/night tariff" can reward consumers financially through prudent management of their power requirements.

8.4 Development of prices should be transparent, promote price stability and certainty for stakeholders, and changes to prices should have regard to the impact on stakeholders.

PowerNet's current price structure has been in place since 1996 and has only seen changes to tariff options in response to customer demand or legislative requirements such as the Electricity (Low Fixed Charge Tariff Option for Domestic Consumers) Regulations 2004.

Through the disclosure of the pricing methodology, the costs allocated to each consumer group are transparent. This allows stakeholders to make informed decisions between capacity based price categories.

PowerNet has maintained its pricing structure and differentials between peak and off-peak fixed charges and has kept night consumption free of variable charges to give stability and certainty to customers who have invested in controllable load due to the price differential and potential savings when the investment was made.

Price levels for individual consumers each year are based on the previous year's performance and projections for the current year following discussions with the consumer when required. More efficient use of electricity by these consumers may be reflected at the time in the variable charges but will primarily be effective as the basis for calculating reduced line charges (in real terms) for the following year.

8.5 Development of prices should have regard to the impact of transaction costs on retailers, consumers and other stakeholders and should be economically equivalent across retailers.

All retailers who use the network are subject to the same tariff schedules from PowerNet therefore, PowerNet considers that its prices are economically equivalent across all retailers.

Once the line charges have been established by the methodology, the tariff structure is straight forward, limited to a fixed daily charge and variable consumption tariff for the majority of customers. PowerNet recognises that whilst the tariff structure is simple, there are a large number of tariff options due to the peak/off-peak options available within each capacity group. The Electricity (Low Fixed Charge Tariff Option for Domestic Consumers) Regulations 2004 requiring a low fixed charge option for each domestic tariff has also greatly increased the number of options.

The issue is a compromise between simplicity and equitability of pricing. Three parameters influence the cost; the location of the premises to be supplied (governs the assets used), the load to be supplied (governs the size of assets used) and the time the load is supplied (governs the diversity and hence size and share of the assets used).

PowerNet's line charge methodology has endeavoured to incorporate these aspects and then apply in the most equitable but simple way practicable.

PowerNet uses "GXP billing" for its group customer connections, this is where variable consumption charges are based on electricity volumes injected into the network at the Transpower grid exit points. Quantities are determined by the wholesale electricity market reconciliation process, which is itself governed by an Industry Participation Code. This method saves on administration costs which are transferred back into the pricing.

PowerNet also recognises that "ICP pricing and billing" can send stronger price signals to consumers but does constrain tariff innovation by the retailers. The alternative is for a further breakdown of the GXP energy volumes into "peak" and "shoulder" rates or "congestion" and "non congestion" periods which would be differentially charged to the retailers. This would sharpen the signal to the retailers and end use consumers.

We have been awaiting a confirmed direction from the Electricity Authority before we move forward with more changes.